



## Whitemoor Academy - PSHE Curriculum Overview & Progression 'Me & My Relationships' EYFS & KS1

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2		
All about me.     What makes me special?     Me and my special people.     Who can help me?     Exploring my feelings.	<ul> <li>Understand that classroom rules help everyone to learn and be safe;</li> <li>Explain their classroom rules and be able to contribute to making these.</li> <li>Recognise how others might be feeling by reading body language/facial expressions;</li> <li>Understand and explain how our emotions can give a physical reaction in our body (e.g. butterflies in the tummy etc.)</li> <li>Identify a range of feelings;</li> <li>Identify how feelings might make us behave: Suggest strategies for someone experiencing 'not so good' feelings to manage these.</li> <li>Recognise that people's bodies and feelings can be hurt;</li> <li>Suggest ways of dealing with different kinds of hurt. Recognise that they belong to various groups and communities such as their family; Explain how these people help us and we can also help</li> <li>them to help us.</li> <li>Identify simple qualities of friendship;</li> <li>Suggest simple strategies for making up. Demonstrate attentive listening skills; Suggest simple strategies for resolving conflict situations; Give and receive positive feedback, and experience how this makes them feel.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Suggest actions that will contribute positively to the life of the classroom;</li> <li>Make and undertake pledges based on those actions         <ul> <li>Take part in creating and agreeing classroom rules.</li> <li>Use a range of words to describe feelings;</li> <li>Recognise that people have different ways of expressing their feelings;</li> <li>Identify helpful ways of responding to other's feelings. Define what is meant by the terms 'bullying' and 'teasing' showing an understanding of the difference between the two; Identify situations as to whether they are incidents of teasing or bullying.</li> <li>Understand and describe strategies for dealing with bullying:</li> <li>Rehearse and demonstrate some of these strategies. Explain the difference between bullying and isolated</li> <li>unkind behaviour;</li> <li>Recognise that that there are different types of bullying and</li> <li>unkind behaviour;</li> <li>Understand that bullying and unkind behaviour are both unacceptable ways of behaving.</li> <li>Recognise that friendship is a special kind of relationship; Identify some of the ways that good friends care for each other. Recognise, name and understand how to deal with feelings (e.g. anger, loneliness);</li> <li>Explain where someone could get help if they were being upset by someone else's behaviour.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		



## Whitemoor Academy - PSHE Curriculum Overview & Progression 'Me & My Relationships' KS2

Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6



- Explain why we have rules; Explore why rules are different for different age groups, for
- internetbased activities; Suggest appropriate rules for a
- range of settings; Consider the possible consequences of breaking the rules.
- Explain some of the feelings someone might have when they lose something important to them;
- Understand that these feelings are normal and a way of dealing with the situation.
- Define and demonstrate cooperation and collaboration;
- Identify the different skills that people can bring to a group task;
- Demonstrate how working together in a collaborative manner can help everyone to achieve success.
- Identify people who they have a special relationship with;
- Suggest strategies for maintaining a positive relationship with their special people.
- Rehearse and demonstrate simple strategies for resolving given conflict situations. Explain what a dare is:
- Understand that no-one has the right to force them to do a dare;
- Suggest strategies to use if they are ever made to feel uncomfortable or unsafe by someone asking them to do a
- dare. Express opinions and listen to those of others:
- Consider others' points of view; Practise explaining the thinking behind their ideas and opinions.
- Identify qualities of friendship;
- Suggest reasons why friends sometimes fall out;

- Describe 'good' and 'not so good' feelings and how feelings can affect our physical state:
- Explain how different words can express the intensity of feelings.
- Explain what we mean by a 'positive, healthy relationship';
- Describe some of the qualities that they admire in others.
- Recognise that there are times when they might need to say 'no' to a friend;
- Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying 'no' to a friend.
- Demonstrate strategies for working on a collaborative task:
- Define successful qualities of teamwork and collaboration.
- Identify a wide range of feelings; Recognise that different people can have different feelings in the same
- situation:
  - Explain how feelings can be linked to
- physical state.
  - Demonstrate a range of feelings through their facial expressions and body
- language:
  - Recognise that their feelings might change towards someone or something
- once they have further information. Give examples of strategies to respond to being bullied, including what people
- can do and sav: Understand and give examples of who or where pressure to behave in an unhealthy, unacceptable or risky way might come from.

- Explain what collaboration means: Give examples of how they have worked collaboratively:
- Describe the attributes needed to work collaboratively.
- Explain what is meant by the terms negotiation and compromise;
- Describe strategies for resolving difficult issues or situations.
- Demonstrate how to respond to a wide range of feelings in others;
- Give examples of some key qualities of friendship:
- Reflect on their own friendship qualities. Identify what things make a relationship
- unhealthy: Identify who they could talk to if they
- needed help. Identify characteristics of passive,
- aggressive and assertive behaviours; Understand and rehearse assertiveness
- - Recognise basic emotional needs. understand that they change according to
- circumstance:
  - Identify risk factors in a given situation (involving smoking or other scenarios) and consider outcomes of risk taking in this
- situation, including emotional risks.
- Understand that online communication can
- be misinterpreted:
  - Accept that responsible and respectful behaviour is necessary when interacting with others online as well as face-to-face.

- Demonstrate a collaborative approach to a
- Describe and implement the skills needed to do this.
- Explain what is meant by the terms 'negotiation' and 'compromise';
- Suggest positive strategies for negotiating and compromising within a collaborative
- Demonstrate positive strategies for negotiating and compromising within a collaborative task.
- Recognise some of the challenges that arise from friendships;
- Suggest strategies for dealing with such challenges demonstrating the need for respect and an assertive approach.
- List some assertive behaviours; Recognise peer influence and pressure:
- Demonstrate using some assertive behaviours, through role-play, to resist peer influence and pressure.
- Recognise and empathise with patterns of behaviour in peer-group dynamics;
- Recognise basic emotional needs and understand that they change according to circumstance:
- Suggest strategies for dealing assertively with a situation where someone under pressure may do something they feel uncomfortable about.
- Describe the consequences of reacting to others in a positive or negative way;
- Suggest ways that people can respond more positively to others.
- Describe ways in which people show their commitment to each other;
- Know the ages at which a person can marry, depending on whether their parents



Rehearse and use, now or in the future, skills for making up again.		•	Understand that everyone has the right to be free to choose who and whether to marry.
		•	Recognise that some types of physical contact can produce strong negative feelings;
		•	Know that some inappropriate touch is also illegal.
		•	Identify strategies for keeping personal information safe online;
		•	Describe safe and respectful behaviours when using communication technology.